

# Regional Institute of Education, Bhopal

## CODE OF CONDUCT AS PER CCS CONDUCT RULES, 1964

### Do's and Don't's – for you

#### **Do's –**

1. Maintain absolute integrity at all times.
2. Maintain absolute devotion to duty at all times.
3. Those holding responsible posts – maintain independence and impartiality in the discharge of your duties.
4. Maintain a responsible and decent standard of conduct in private life.
5. Render prompt and courteous service to the public.
6. Observe proper decorum during lunch break.
7. Report to superiors the fact of your arrest or conviction in a Criminal Court and the circumstances connected therewith, as soon as it is possible to do so.
8. Keep away from demonstrations organized by political parties in the vicinity/neighbourhood of Government offices.
9. Maintain political neutrality.
10. Manage private affairs in such a way as to avoid habitual indebtedness or insolvency.
11. If any legal proceedings are instituted for the recovery of any debt due from you or for adjudging you as an insolvent, report the full facts of such proceedings to the Competent Authority.
12. Act in accordance with Government policies.
13. Observe courtesy and consideration to Members of Parliament and State Legislatures.
14. In performance of duties in good faith, communicate information to a person in accordance with the 'Right to Information Act, 2005' (22 of 2005) and the rules made thereunder.
15. Commit yourself to and uphold the supremacy of the Constitution and democratic values;
16. Defend and uphold the sovereignty and integrity of India, the security of the State, public order, decency and morality;
17. Maintain high ethical standards and honesty.
18. Promote the principles of merit, fairness and impartiality in the discharge of duties.
19. Maintain accountability and transparency.
20. Maintain responsiveness to the public, particularly to the weaker section;
21. Maintain courtesy and good behavior with the public;
22. Take decisions solely in public interest and use or cause to use public resources efficiently, effectively and economically;
23. Declare any private interests, relating to your public duties and take steps to resolve any conflicts in a way that protects the public interest;
24. Make choices, take decisions and make recommendations on merit alone;
25. Act with fairness and impartiality and not discriminate against anyone, particularly the poor and the under-privileged sections of society;
26. Refrain from doing anything which is or may be contrary to any law, rules, regulations and established practices;
27. Maintain discipline in the discharge of your duties and be liable to implement the lawful orders duly communicated to you;
28. Maintain confidentiality in the performance of your official duties as required by any laws for the time being in force, particularly with regard to information, disclosure of which may prejudicially affect the sovereignty and integrity of India, the security of the State, strategic, scientific or economic interests of the State, friendly relation with foreign countries or lead to incitement of an offence or illegal or unlawful gain to any person;
29. Perform and discharge your duties with the highest degree of professionalism and dedication to the best of your abilities.

## **Don't's-**

1. Do not make joint representations in matters of common interest.
2. Do not indulge in acts unbecoming of a Government servant.
3. Do not be discourteous, dishonest and partial.
4. Do not adopt dilatory tactics in your dealings with the public.
5. Do not convey oral instructions to subordinates. (If done for unavoidable reasons, confirm them in writing as soon as possible.)
6. Do not practice untouchability.
7. Do not associate yourself with any banned organizations.
8. Do not join any association or demonstration whose objects or activities are prejudicial to the interest of the sovereignty and integrity of India, public order or morality.
9. Do not give expression to views on Indian or foreign affairs, while visiting foreign countries.
10. Do not get involved in unauthorized communication of any official document or any part thereof or classified information to any Government servant or any other persons to whom you are not authorized to communicate such document or classified information.
11. Do not join or support any illegal strike.
12. Do not enter into any private correspondence with Foreign Embassies or Missions/High Commissions.
13. Do not accept lavish or frequent hospitality from any individual industrial or commercial firms, organizations, etc., having official dealings with you.
14. Do not accept any offer of the cost of passage to foreign countries or hospitality by way of free board and lodging there, if such offers are from foreign firms contracting with Government.
15. Do not accept invitations to you and members of your family for free inaugural flights offered by Air India, Indian Airlines Corporation or Foreign Airlines.
16. Do not give or take or abet giving or taking of dowry or demand and dowry directly or indirectly from the parent or guardian of a bride or bridegroom.
17. Do not accept any gift from any foreign firm which is having official dealings.
18. Do not engage yourself in canvassing business of Life Insurance Agency, Commission Agency or Advertising Agency owned or managed by the members of your family.
19. Do not lend money to or borrow money from or deposit money as a member or agent, with any person, firm or private company with whom you are likely to have official dealings. Do not otherwise place yourself under pecuniary obligation with such person, firm or private company.
20. Do not approach your subordinates for standing surety for loans taken from private sources either by you/your relations/friends.
21. Do not undertake private consultancy work.
22. Do not speculate in any stock, share or other investment.
23. Do not purchase shares out of the quota reserved for friends and associates of Directors of Companies.
24. Do not bid at any auction of property where such auction is arranged by your own officers.

**Note:-** The terms 'servant' and 'master' have been used in Court judgments to indicate the relationship between a subordinate Government servant and his superiors in the hierarchy of all Central Government Officers.